

## Annual Financial Report

### South Washington Watershed District

Woodbury, Minnesota

For the years ended December 31, 2021



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#### INTRODUCTORY SECTION

### SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota Board of Managers and Appointed Officials For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

#### **BOARD OF MANAGERS**

Name	Title	Term Expires
Brian Johnson	President	05/01/22
Sharon Doucette	Vice President	05/01/23
Kevin ChapdeLaine	Treasurer	05/01/22
Mike Madigan	Secretary	05/01/23
Cole Williams	2nd Vice President	05/01/24
	APPOINTED OFFICIALS	
Matt Moore	Administrator	

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#### FINANCIAL SECTION

### SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Managers South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the South Washington Watershed District, Minnesota (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District as of December 31, 2021 and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District's and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We the believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Minnesota Office of the State auditor, as described in Note 1B. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.



#### **Other Matters**

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis starting on page 15 and the Schedules of Employer's Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedules of Employer's Contributions, the related note disclosures, starting on page 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statement.

The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

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Minneapolis, Minnesota April 28, 2022



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#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

As management of the South Washington Watershed District (the District), Woodbury, Minnesota, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$30,727,173 (net position). Of this amount, \$13,517,703 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's total net position increased by \$1,121,729, which is mostly due to charges for services and general revenues exceeding expenses during the year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,509,744, an increase of \$1,113,509 in comparison with the prior year mainly due to expenditures below budget in the project and implementation fund.
- The ending General fund balance is \$563,301, which is made up of nonspendable (\$21,081) and unassigned (\$542,220). The unassigned fund balance is 87.0 percent of the 2022 budgeted expenditures.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure 1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Figure 1
Required Components of the
District's Annual Financial Report

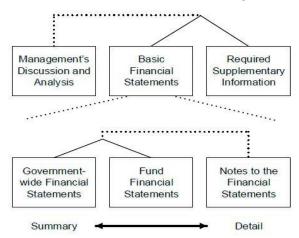


Figure 2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure 2
Major Features of the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Fund Financial Statements						
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds					
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District					
Required financial	Statement of Net Position	Balance Sheet					
statements	Statement of Activities	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and					
		Changes in Fund Balances					
Accounting Basis and	Accrual accounting and economic	Modified accrual accounting and current financial					
measurement focus	resources focus	resources focus					
Type of asset/liability	All assets and liabilities, both	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities					
information	financial and capital, and short-	that come due during the year or soon thereafter;					
	term and long-term	no capital assets included					
Type of deferred	All deferred outflows/inflows of	Only deferred outflows of resources expected to be					
outflows/inflows of	resources, regardless of when	used up and deferred inflows of resources that					
resources information	cash is received or paid	come due during the year or soon thereafter; no					
		capital assets included					
Type of inflow/out flow	All revenues and expenses during	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon					
information	year, regardless of when cash is	after the end of the year; expenditures when goods					
	received or paid	or services have been received and payment is due					
		during the year or soon thereafter					

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between them reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., grants and earned but unused vacation and sick leave).

The governmental activities of the District include general government and program costs.

The government-wide financial statements start on page 24 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District currently maintains two governmental funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact by the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheets and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General fund and Management Planning fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General fund and a budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the Planning and Implementation fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements start on page 28 of this report.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements start on page 33 of this report.

**Required Supplementary Information.** This report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 50 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$30,727,173 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion, 53.1 percent or \$16,323,714 reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, land improvements, and permanent easements). The District's unrestricted net position is 44.0 percent (\$13,517,703) of total net position and available to meet the ongoing needs of the District. The remaining 2.9 percent (\$885,756) is restricted for future debt service and water quality and drainage improvements.

#### **South Washington Watershed District's Summary of Net Position**

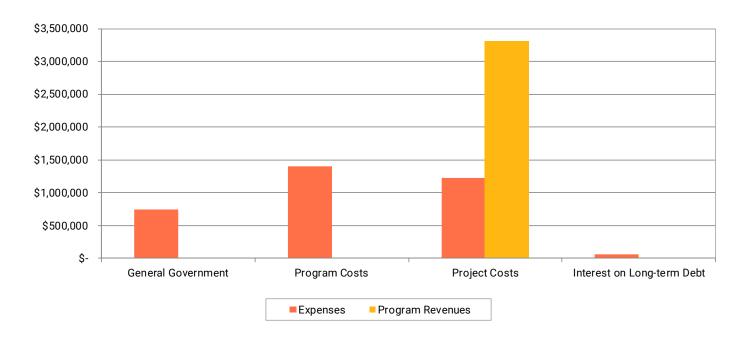
	Decem	December 31,				
	2021	2021 2020				
Assets						
Current	\$ 15,555,041	\$ 14,233,900	\$ 1,321,141			
Capital assets, net	19,050,462	19,259,185	(208,723)			
Total Assets	34,605,503	33,493,085	1,112,418			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension resources	168,039	22,883	145,156			
Liabilities						
Current	837,418	607,985	229,433			
Noncurrent	2,991,826	3,277,575	(285,749)			
Total Liabilities	3,829,244	3,885,560	(56,316)			
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Pension resources	217,125	24,964	192,161			
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	16,323,714	16,310,576	13,138			
Restricted	885,756	896,884	(11,128)			
Unrestricted	13,517,703	12,397,984	1,119,719			
Total Net Position	\$ 30,727,173	\$ 29,605,444	\$ 1,121,729			

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$1,121,729, which was mostly due to revenues exceeding expenses during the year.

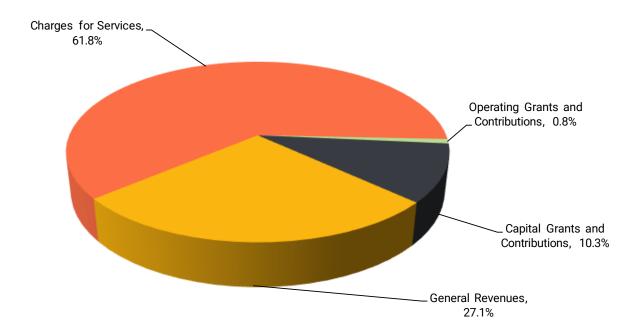
#### **South Washington Watershed District's Changes in Net Position**

	Decem	Increase		
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	
Revenues				
Program				
Charges for services	\$ 2,804,525	\$ 2,768,285	\$ 36,240	
Operating grants and contributions	35,983	-	35,983	
Capital grants and contribution	469,413	230,752	238,661	
General				
Property taxes	1,216,486	1,178,988	37,498	
Grants and contributions not restricted to				
specific programs	962	677	285	
Unrestricted investment earnings	1,676	67,631	(65,955)	
Miscellaneous	10,024	35,881	(25,857)	
Total Revenues	4,539,069	4,282,214	256,855	
Expenses				
General government	741,147	627,912	113,235	
Program costs	1,401,718	662,936	738,782	
Project costs	1,218,465	1,254,365	(35,900)	
Interest on long-term debt	56,010	62,334	(6,324)	
Total Expenses	3,417,340	2,607,547	809,793	
Change in Net Position	1,121,729	1,674,667	(552,938)	
Net Position, January 1 as Restated*	29,605,444	27,930,777	1,674,667	
, - <del> , , ,</del>				
Net Position, December 31	\$ 30,727,173	\$ 29,605,444	\$ 1,121,729	

The following graph depicts various governmental activities and shows the revenue and expenses directly related to those activities.



#### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



#### **Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds**

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$14,509,744, an increase of \$1,113,509 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 3.7 percent of this total amount (\$542,220) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of fund balance, \$13,967,524, is 1) Nonspendable (\$21,081) for prepaid items 2) Restricted (\$903,410) for debt service and water quality and drainage improvements, and 3) Committed (\$13,043,033) for water quality and drainage improvements.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the fund balance of the General fund was \$563,301. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Total fund balance represents 146.7 percent of 2021 actual expenditures. The General fund balance decreased by \$5,624 during the current fiscal year.

The fund balance of the Planning and Implementation fund at year end was \$13,270,458 which is an increase of \$1,132,146 from the prior year. This is mainly due to expenditures below budget in the fund during the year for timing of expenditures.

The fund balance of the Debt Service fund at year end was \$675,985, a decrease of \$13,013 from prior year. The fund balance is restricted for debt service. The decrease in fund balance is mainly due to scheduled principal and interest payments during the year.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District's General fund budget was not amended during the year. Revenues were under budget by \$68,634. Property tax revenue was under budget by \$75,263, mainly due to the District budgeting for conservatively for tax collections. Expenditures were under budget by \$63,010. The largest variance was provided other services and charges expenses which were under by \$35,744, which is due to less than expected expenses related to other services and charges.

#### **Capital Assets**

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2021 amounts to \$19,050,462 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, easements, infrastructure, and land improvements.

### South Washington Watershed District's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	December 31,				
	2021	2020	(Decrease)		
Land Infrastructure	\$ 9,617,888 9,432,574	\$ 9,617,888 9,641,297	\$ - (208,723)		
Total	\$ 19,050,462	\$ 19,259,185	\$ (208,723)		

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 3B on page 41 of this report.

#### **Noncurrent Liabilities**

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$2,726,748, all of which were G.O bonds. While all of the District's bonds have revenue streams, they are all backed by the full faith and credit of the District.

#### South Washington Watershed District's Noncurrent Liabilities

	Decem	Increase		
	2021	2020	(Decrease)	
Bonds Payable	\$ 2,726,748	\$ 2,948,609	\$ (221,861)	

The District's total noncurrent liabilities decreased by \$221,861 during the current fiscal year. The decrease can be attributed to regularly scheduled principal payments.

Additional information on the District's noncurrent liabilities can be found in Note 3C starting on page 41 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets**

The economic outlook for the District is strong with continued growth through the development of residential and commercial property. All cities and townships have updated comprehensive land use plans to provide expanded development opportunities. With continued development, the District will experience steady growth in values and tax base. The District collects stormwater utility fees which provide the majority of the revenue for projects. Development, particularly in residential units creates steady growth in the Districts stormwater utility fees. Stormwater utility fees have seen an average increase of 600 units over the past 5 years. The future budget will migrate revenue towards three program areas of resiliency, watershed restoration and coordinated capital projects.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Matt Moore, Administrator, South Washington Watershed District, 2302 Tower Drive, Woodbury, MN 55125.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

Woodbury, Minnesota Statement of Net Position December 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 14,932,385
Restricted cash	236,163
Receivables	
Stormwater utility fees	25,703
Taxes	43,926
Due from other governments	295,783
Prepaid items	21,081
Capital assets	•
Nondepreciable assets	9,617,888
Depreciable assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,432,574
Total Assets	34,605,503
10tal / 1000to	0 1,000,000
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	168,039
To Large	
Liabilities	700.000
Accounts payable	730,328
Accrued salaries payable	11,296
Accrued interest	20,289
Unearned revenue	75,505
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	
Long-term liabilities	258,744
Due in more than one year	
Long-term liabilities	2,506,748
Net pension liability	226,334
Total Liabilities	3,829,244
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension resources	217,125
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	16,323,714
Restricted for	-,,
Debt service	658,331
Water quality and drainage improvements	227,425
Unrestricted	13,517,703
Officatifolicu	13,317,703
Total Net Position	\$ 30,727,173

#### South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

						m Revenues			Re C	et (Expense) evenue and hanges in et Position
				Charges		perating		Capital	0 -	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		for Services		ants and tributions		rants and ntributions		vernmental Activities
Governmental Activities		<u> Ехрепзез</u>		oci vices	0011	tributions		iti ibutions		Activities
General government	\$	741,147	\$	-	\$	=	\$	-	\$	(741,147)
Program costs		1,401,718		=		=		-		(1,401,718)
Project costs		1,218,465		2,804,525		35,983		469,413		2,091,456
Interest on long-term debt		56,010								(56,010)
Total	\$	3,417,340	\$	2,804,525	\$	35,983	\$	469,413		(107,419)
G	enera	Revenues								
_		erty taxes								1,216,486
	Grant	s and contribu	ıtions	not restricted	d to spe	ecific progra	ms			962
		stricted investi	ment	earnings						1,676
		ellaneous								10,024
	Tot	al General Rev	enue	:S						1,229,148
Cl	nange	in Net Position	n							1,121,729
N	et Pos	sition, January	1							29,605,444
N	et Pos	sition, Decemb	er 31						\$	30,727,173

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#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

Woodbury, Minnesota Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

		General		lanning and plementation	Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Assets Cash and temporary investments Restricted cash Receivables	\$	555,888 -	\$	13,712,078 227,425	\$ 664,419 8,738	\$	14,932,385 236,163
Stormwater utility fees Taxes		- 3,178		23,068 37,485	2,635 3,263		25,703 43,926
Due from other governments Prepaid items		21,081		295,783 -	<u>-</u>		295,783 21,081
Total Assets	\$	580,147	\$	14,295,839	\$ 679,055	\$	15,555,041
Liabilities							
Accounts payable Accrued salaries payable	\$	11,409 4,438	\$	718,484 6,858	\$ 435 -	\$	730,328 11,296
Unearned revenue Total Liabilities		15,847	_	75,505 800,847	 435		75,505 817,129
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unavailable revenue - taxes Unavailable revenue - stormwater utility fees		999 -		1,466 23,068	- 2,635		2,465 25,703
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental				200,000	<u> </u>		200,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		999		224,534	 2,635		228,168
Fund Balances Nonspendable - prepaid items Restricted for		21,081		-	-		21,081
Debt service		-		-	675,985		675,985
Water quality and drainage improvements Committed for planning and implementation		-		227,425 13,043,033	-		227,425 13,043,033
Unassigned		542,220		-	-		542,220
Total Fund Balances		563,301		13,270,458	675,985		14,509,744
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows							
of Resources and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	580,147	\$	14,295,839	\$ 679,055	\$	15,555,041

#### South Washington Watershed District

Woodbury, Minnesota Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for the governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because

Total Fund Balances - Governmental	\$ 14,509,744
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.  Cost of capital assets  Less accumulated depreciation	20,051,708 (1,001,246)
Noncurrent liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.  Noncurrent liabilities at year-end consist of	
Compensated absences payable	(38,744)
Bonds payable Bond premium	(2,665,000) (61,748)
Net pension liability	(226,334)
Some receivables are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are unavailable in the funds.	
Taxes receivable	2,465
Stormwater utility fees	25,703 200,000
Intergovernmental	200,000
Governmental funds do not report long-term amounts related to pensions.	
Deferred outflows of pension resources	168,039
Deferred inflows of pension resources	(217,125)
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until due and payable	 (20,289)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 30,727,173

### South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	(	General	anning and plementation	 Debt Service	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues		074.660	0.45.000			4047454
Property taxes	\$	371,662	\$ 845,989	\$ -	\$	1,217,651
Stormwater utility fees		-	2,540,409	266,901		2,807,310
Intergovernmental		294	198,972	-		199,266
Interest on investments		173	1,397	106		1,676
Miscellaneous		6,162	 330,392	 		336,554
Total Revenues		378,291	 3,917,159	 267,007		4,562,457
Expenditures Current						
General government		383,915	373,553	-		757,468
Programs		-	1,401,718	-		1,401,718
Project		-	201,517	-		201,517
Capital						
Project		-	808,225	-		808,225
Debt service						
Principal		-	-	215,000		215,000
Interest and other			 	 65,020		65,020
Total Expenditures		383,915	 2,785,013	 280,020		3,448,948
Net Change in Fund Balances		(5,624)	1,132,146	(13,013)		1,113,509
Fund Balances, January 1		568,925	 12,138,312	 688,998		13,396,235
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	563,301	\$ 13,270,458	\$ 675,985	\$	14,509,744

#### South Washington Watershed District

Woodbury, Minnesota
Reconciliation of the Statement of
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
to the Statement of Activities
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,113,509
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.  Depreciation expense	(208,723)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities	
Principal repayments Amortization of bond premium	215,000 6,861
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	2,149
Certain revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, certain revenues cannot be recognized until they are available to liquidate liabilities of the current period.	
Property taxes Stormwater utility fees Intergovernmental	(1,165) (2,785) (20,000)
Long-term pension activity is not reported in governmental funds. Pension expense Pension revenue	19,876 562
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Compensated absences payable	 (3,555)
Change in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ 1,121,729

#### South Washington Watershed District

#### Woodbury, Minnesota

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

#### Budget and Actual

#### General Fund

For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues Property taxes	\$	446,925	\$	446,925	\$	371,662	\$	(75,263)
Intergovernmental		-		-		294		294
Interest on investments		-		-		173		173
Miscellaneous						6,162		6,162
Total Revenues		446,925		446,925		378,291		(68,634)
Expenditures Current General government Operational services Supplies		285,824 7,000		285,824 7,000		281,946 3,612		3,878 3,388
Other services and charges Capital		134,101		134,101		98,357		35,744
General government		20,000		20,000			-	20,000
Total Expenditures		446,925		446,925		383,915		63,010
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(5,624)		(5,624)
Fund Balances, January 1		568,925		568,925		568,925		
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	568,925	\$	568,925	\$	563,301	\$	(5,624)

#### **Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

#### A. Reporting Entity

The South Washington Watershed District (the District), Woodbury, Minnesota was originally created in 1993 under the name of Cottage Grove Ravine Watershed District by the Minnesota Board of Water and Soil Resources (the Board) as provided in Minnesota Statutes Chapter 103D. In July 1994, the District changed its name to South Washington Watershed District. The District is operated by a five member Board of Managers originally appointed by the Board. Subsequent appointments will be made by Washington County.

The District has considered all potential units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the primary government to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the primary government. The District has no component units that meet the GASB criteria.

#### B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Charges for service, assessments to members, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the organization.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the year in which the resources are measurable and become available.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include grants, entitlement and donations. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unearned revenue.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in a different fund of the District.

The Planning and Implementation fund is established to account for expenditures related to the preparation and implementation of the Watershed Management Plan. Property taxes and stormwater utility fees are committed for planning and implementation

The *Debt service fund* accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long term general obligation debt of governmental funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements.

#### D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and temporary investments are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Cash balances from all funds are pooled and invested, to the extent available, in certificates of deposit and other authorized investments. Earnings from such investments are allocated on the basis of applicable participation by each of the funds.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota statutes, as follows:

- 1. Direct obligations or obligations quaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- 2. Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- 3. General obligations of a state or local government with taxing powers rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- 4. General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- 5. Obligation of a school district with an original maturity not exceeding 13 months and (i) rated in the highest category by a national bond rating service or (ii) enrolled in the credit enhancement program pursuant to statute section 126C.55.
- 6. Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- 7. Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- 8. Repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.
- 9. Guaranteed Investment Contracts (GIC's) issued or guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, a domestic branch of a foreign bank, a United States insurance company, or its Canadian subsidiary, whose similar debt obligations were rated in one of the top two rating categories by a nationally recognized rating agency.

The District does not have deposits at December 31, 2021.

The broker money market accounts operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pools is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. The District does not have a formal investment policy.

The Minnesota Municipal Money Market Fund is regulated by Minnesota statutes and the Board of Directors of the League of Minnesota Cities and is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the regulatory rules of the SEC. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, the District's investment in this pool is valued at amortized cost, which approximates fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the 4M Liquid Asset Fund. Investments in the 4M Plus must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period will be subject to a penalty equal to seven days interest on the amount withdrawn. Seven days' notice of redemption is required for withdrawals of investments in the 4M Term Series withdrawn prior to the maturity date of that series. A penalty could be assessed as necessary to recoup the Series for any charges, losses, and other costs attributable to the early redemption. Financial statements of the 4M Fund can be obtained by contracting RBC Global Management at 100 South Fifth Street, Suite 2300, Minneapolis, MN 55402-1240.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Property Taxes**

The Board of Managers annually adopts a tax levy and certifies it to the County in December of each year for collection in the following year. The County is responsible for billing and collecting all property taxes for itself, the District, the local School District and other taxing authorities. Such taxes become a lien on January 1<sup>st</sup> and are recorded as receivables by the District at that date. Real property taxes are payable (by property owners) on May 15<sup>th</sup> and October 15<sup>th</sup> of each calendar year. Personal property taxes are payable by taxpayers on February 28<sup>th</sup> and June 30<sup>th</sup> of each year. These taxes are collected by the County and remitted to the District on or before July 7<sup>th</sup> and December 2<sup>nd</sup> of the same year. The District has no ability to enforce payments of property taxes by property owners. The County possesses this authority.

Delinquent taxes receivable include the past six years' uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for taxes not received within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements.

#### Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable include amounts billed for services provided before year end.

#### **Prepaid Items**

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as prepaid items. The District uses the consumption method to account for all prepaid items.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements and easements are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

GASB Statement No. 34 required the District to report and depreciate new infrastructure assets effective with the beginning of the 2004 calendar year. Infrastructure assets include lake improvements, dams and drainage systems. Neither their historical cost nor related depreciation has historically been reported in the financial statements. For governmental entities with total annual revenues of less than \$10 million for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1999 the retroactive reporting of infrastructure is not required under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34. The District implemented the general provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 in the 2004 calendar year and has elected not to report infrastructure assets acquired in years prior to 2004.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	 in Years		
Infrastructure	48 - 50		

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Deferred Outflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has only item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position. This item results from actuarial calculations and current year pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA except that PERA's fiscal year end is June 30<sup>th</sup>. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The General fund is typically used to liquidate the governmental net pension liability.

The total pension expense recognized by the District for the year ended December 31, 2021, was \$9,168.

#### **Compensated Absences**

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits, which is paid to the employee upon separation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The General fund is typically used to liquidate governmental compensated absences payable.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. The recognition of bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as an expense in the period incurred.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and fund financial statements will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from three sources: property taxes, stormwater utility fees and intergovernmental. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

The District has an additional item which qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred pension resources, is reported only in the statements of net position and results from actuarial calculations.

#### Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of resources reported in the governmental funds. These classifications are defined as follows:

Nonspendable - Amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items.

Restricted - Amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.

Committed - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by formal action (resolution) of the Board, which is the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board modifies or rescinds the commitment by resolution.

Assigned - Amounts constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed. In governmental funds other than the General fund, assigned fund balance represents all remaining amounts that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed. In the General fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority

Unassigned - The residual classification for the General fund and also negative residual amounts in other funds.

The District considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position balances restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Woodbury, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 2: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

#### **Budgetary Information**

The Board of Managers adopts an annual budget for the General and Management Planning fund of the District on an annual basis. During the budget year, supplemental appropriations and deletions are or may be authorized by the Board. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by the District for budgeting data. All appropriations end with the fiscal year for which they were made. The District does not use encumbrance accounting.

The District monitors budget performance on the fund basis. All amounts over budget have been approved by the Board through the disbursement process. The budget was not amended in 2021.

#### Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts

#### A. Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk for deposits and investments is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits and investments may not be returned or the District will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

In accordance with Minnesota statutes and as authorized by the Board, the District maintains deposits at those depository banks, all of which are members of the Federal Reserve System.

Minnesota statutes require that all District deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond or collateral. The fair value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by insurance or bonds.

Authorized collateral in lieu of a corporate surety bond includes:

- United States government Treasury bills, Treasury notes, Treasury bonds;
- Issues of United States government agencies and instrumentalities as quoted by a recognized industry quotation service available to the government entity;
- General obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers which is rated "A" or better by a
  national bond rating service, or revenue obligation securities of any state or local government with taxing powers
  which is rated "AA" or better by a national bond rating service;
- General obligation securities of a local government with taxing powers may be pledged as collateral against funds deposited by that same local government entity;
- Irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation; and
- Time deposits that are fully insured by any Federal agency.

The District does not have deposits at December 31, 2021.

#### Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)

#### Investments

The investments of the District are subject to the following risks:

- Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Ratings
  are provided by various credit rating agencies and where applicable, indicate associated credit risk. The District
  follows State Statutes in regards to credit risk of investments. The District policy does not further limit investment
  choices.
- Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction,
  a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession
  of an outside party. The District does not have an investment policy to address custodial credit risk but typically
  limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments.
- Concentration of Credit Risk. This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.
- Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an
  investment. The District does not have an investment policy to address interest rate risk, however, manages
  exposure to declines in fair values by limiting a majority of investments to less than five years. Extended
  maturities may be utilized to take advantage of higher yields; however, no more than 40 percent of the total
  investments should extend beyond five years as of the total investment figure as of January first of each year and
  in no circumstance should any extend beyond 10 years.

At year end, the District's investment balances were as follows:

Types of Investments	Credit Quality/ Ratings (1)	Segmented Time Distribution (2)	Amount
Pooled Investments at Amortized Costs 4M Fund Broker Money Market Funds	N/A N/A	less than 6 months less than 6 months	\$ 14,932,385 236,163
Total			\$ 15,168,548

- (1) Ratings are provided by Moody's where applicable to indicate associated credit risk.
- (2) Interest rate risk is disclosed using the segmented time distribution method.
- N/A Indicates not applicable or available.

A reconciliation of cash and temporary investments as shown on the statement of net position for the District follows:

Primary Government Cash and temporary investments Restricted cash	\$ 14,932,385 
Total	\$ 15.168.548

Woodbury, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)

#### **B.** Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, not being Depreciated Land	\$ 9,617,888	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,617,888	
Capital Assets, being Depreciated Infrastructure	10,433,820	-	-	10,433,820	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Infrastructure Total Capital Assets	(792,523)	(208,723)		(1,001,246)	
being Depreciated, Net	9,641,297	(208,723)		9,432,574	
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,259,185	\$ (208,723)	\$ -	\$ 19,050,462	

Depreciation expense charged to the project costs function for 2021 was \$208,723.

#### C. Long-term Debt

General Obligation (G.O.) Bonds.

The District issued general obligation bonds in 2011 to finance a portion of the water quality improvement projects related to the City of Cottage Grove, drainage improvements related to the City of Newport and Grey Cloud Island Slough Crossing Project. The bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit to the District.

As of December 31, 2021, the long-term bonded debt of the District is as follows:

Description	Authorized and Issued	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Balance at Year End
G.O Crossover Refunding Bonds, 2016A	\$ 3,070,000	2.00 - 3.00 %	3/15/2016	3/1/2031	\$ 2,665,000

#### **Note 3: Detailed Notes on Accounts (Continued)**

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Princi	pal	Interest	Total		
2022	\$ 22	20,000 \$	57,565	\$	277,565	
2023	25	50,000	50,515		300,515	
2024	25	55,000	44,215		299,215	
2025	26	55,000	39,015		304,015	
2026	26	55,000	33,715		298,715	
2027 - 2031	1,41	0,000	111,713		1,521,713	
Total	\$ 2,66	55,000 \$	336,738	\$	3,001,738	

#### Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2021 was as follows:

	l	Beginning Balance	•		D	ecreases	Ending Balance	Current Portion	
Governmental Activities Bonds Payable General Obligation Bonds	\$	2,880,000	\$	-	\$	(215,000)	\$ 2,665,000	\$	220,000
Add Premium on bonds Total Bonds Payable		68,609 2,948,609		<u>-</u>		(6,861) (221,861)	 61,748 2,726,748		220,000
Compensated Absences Payable		35,189		33,503		(29,948)	 38,744		38,744
Total Governmental Activities	\$	2,983,798	\$	33,503	\$	(251,809)	\$ 2,765,492	\$	258,744

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide

#### A. Plan Description

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota statutes*, chapters 353 and 356. PERA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### General Employees Retirement Plan

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District are covered by the General Employees Plan. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but are not receiving them yet are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

#### **General Employee Plan Benefits**

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989 normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

#### C. Contributions

*Minnesota statutes* chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

#### **General Employees Fund Contributions**

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the District was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the years ending December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were \$29,044, \$29,790, and \$26,145, respectively. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statute.

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

#### D. Pension Costs

#### General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At December 31, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$226,334 or its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$6,960. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2020 through June 30, 2021 relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportion was 0.0053 percent which was a 0.0004 percent an increase from proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 226,334
State of Minnesota's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	
Liability Associated with the District	6,960
Total	\$ 233,294

For the year ended December 31, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,606, or its proportionate share of General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized \$562 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At December 31, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	eferred utflows Resources	Ī	eferred nflows Resources
Differences between Expected and				
Actual Experience	\$	1,338	\$	6,866
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		138,195		4,689
Net Difference between Projected and				
Actual Earnings on Plan Investments		-		197,810
Changes in Proportion		11,991		7,760
Contributions Paid to PERA Subsequent				
to the Measurement Date		16,515		-
Total	<u>\$</u>	168,039	\$	217,125

Woodbury, Minnesota Notes to the Financial Statements December 31, 2021

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The \$16,515 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2022	\$ (8,851)
2023	(944)
2024	(2,342)
2025	(53,464)
Thereafter	-

#### E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.5 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.5 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 29 years of service and 6.0 percent per year thereafter.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. adjusted slightly to fit PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and become effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2021:

#### **General Employees Fund**

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

#### Note 4: Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Statewide (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	33.5 %	5.10 %
Alternative Assets (Private Markets)	25.0	5.90
Bonds (Fixed Income)	25.0	0.75
International Equity	16.5_	5.30
Total	<u></u>	

#### F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2017 was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1	Percent	1 Percent			
	Decre	ease (5.50%)	Current (6.50%)		Incre	ase (7.50%)
General Employees Fund	\$	461,605	\$	226,334	\$	33,279

#### H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

#### **Note 5: Other Information**

#### A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District carries insurance. The District pays annual premiums for its workers compensation and property and casualty insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded the District's coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities, if any, include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The District's management is not aware of any incurred but not reported claims.

#### **B.** Stormwater Utility Fees

In 2004, the District implemented a stormwater utility fee pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapter 444.

#### Note 6: COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus ("COVID-19") and the risks to the international community as virus spreads globally. On March 11, 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally. In response to the pandemic, the State of Minnesota has issued stay-at-home orders and other measures aimed at slowing the spread of the coronavirus.

The full impact of the COVID-19 outbreak continues to evolve as of the date of this report. Due to the rapid development and fluidity of this situation, the District cannot determine the ultimate impact that the COVID-19 pandemic will have on its financial condition, liquidity, and future revenue collection, and therefore any prediction as to the ultimate impact on the District's financial condition, liquidity, and future results of its revenue collections is uncertain.

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#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2021

#### Schedule of Employer's Share of PERA Net Pension Liability - General Employees Fund

			St	tate's		District's			
			Propo	ortionate				Proportionate	
			Shar	e of the				Share of the	
		District's	Net I	Pension				Net Pension	
		Proportionate	Lia	ability				Liability as a	Plan Fiduciary
	District's	Share of the	Ass	ociated		I	District's	Percentage of	<b>Net Position</b>
Fiscal	Proportion of	Net Pension	wi	th the			Covered	Covered	as a Percentage
Year	the Net Pension	Liability	Di	strict	Total		Payroll	Payroll	of the Total
Ending	Liability	(a)		(b)	 (a+b)		(c)	(a/c)	Pension Liability
06/30/21	0.0053 %	\$ 226,334	\$	6,960	\$ 233,294	\$	381,873	59.3 %	87.0 %
06/30/20	0.0049	293,777		8,967	302,744		348,523	84.3	79.0
06/30/19	0.0051	281,968		8,833	290,801		360,140	78.3	80.2
06/30/18	0.0052	288,475		9,514	297,989		347,225	83.1	79.5
06/30/17	0.0052	331,965		4,202	336,167		308,713	107.5	75.9
06/30/16	0.0052	422,214		5,548	427,762		322,277	131.0	68.9
06/30/15	0.0048	248,761		-	248,761		279,306	89.1	78.2

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available

#### Schedule of Employer's PERA Contributions - General Employees Fund

Year Ending	Re	atutorily equired htribution (a)	Rela St R	ributions in ition to the atutorily equired ntribution (b)	Defice (Exc	ribution ciency cess) a-b)	District's Covered Payroll (c)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/c)		
12/31/21	\$	29,044	\$	29,044	\$	-	\$ 387,247	7.5 %		
12/31/20		29,790		29,790		-	348,597	7.5		
12/31/19		26,145		26,145		-	348,597	7.5		
12/31/18		26,539		26,539		-	353,853	7.5		
12/31/17		23,712		23,712		-	316,160	7.5		
12/31/16		24,670		24,670		-	328,933	7.5		
12/31/15		23,445		23,445		-	312,600	7.5		

Note: Schedule is intended to show 10-year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available

Woodbury, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund

#### Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

2021 - The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

2020 - The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%. The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%. Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates. Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements. Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter. Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females. The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments. The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019. The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older. The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

- 2019 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.
- 2018 The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017. The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.
- 2017 The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8 percent for active members and 60 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0 percent for active member liability, 15.0 percent for vested deferred member liability and 3.0 percent for non-vested deferred member liability. The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year for all years to 1.0 percent per year through 2044 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.
- 2016 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year for all future years. The assumed investment return was changed from 7.9 percent to 7.5 percent. Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.
- 2015 The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0 percent per year through 2030 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter to 1.0 percent per year through 2035 and 2.5 percent per year thereafter.

Woodbury, Minnesota Required Supplementary Information (Continued) December 31, 2021

#### Notes to the Required Supplementary Information - General Employee Retirement Fund (Continued)

#### Changes in Plan Provisions

- 2021 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2020 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.
- 2019 The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.
- 2018 The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024. Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018. Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply. Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed. Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors. Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.
- 2017 The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter. The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.
- 2016 There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.
- 2015 On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

#### COMBINING SCHEDULES

## SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota Planning and Implementation Fund Combining Balance Sheet December 31, 2021

	01			02 03 Implementa		<b>03</b> olementation	<b>04</b> ion			
	Planning			·		and	Education			
	Fund		Re	egulatory	Maintenance				Total	
Assets										
Cash and temporary investments	\$	2,841,018	\$	321,472	\$	9,927,475	\$	622,113	\$	13,712,078
Restricted cash		-		-		227,425		-		227,425
Receivables										
Stormwater utility fees		-		-		23,068		-		23,068
Taxes		3,252		129		33,230		874		37,485
Due from other governments				13,522		275,191		7,070		295,783
Total Assets	\$	2,844,270	\$	335,123	\$	10,486,389	\$	630,057	\$	14,295,839
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	41.451	Ś	9.966	Ś	645.817	Ś	21.250	Ś	718.484
Accrued salaries payable	Ÿ	2,634	Ÿ	347	Ÿ	3,268	Ÿ	609	Ÿ	6,858
Unearned revenue		-		-		4,587		70,918		75,505
Total Liabilities		44,085		10,313		653,672		92,777		800,847
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenues - taxes		_		_		1,466		_		1,466
Unavailable revenues - stormwater utility fees		_		_		23,068		_		23,068
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental		_		-		200,000		_		200,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		_		224,534		-		224,534
Fund Balances										
Restricted for water quality and improvements		-		-		227,425		-		227,425
Committed for planning and implementation		2,800,185		324,810		9,380,758		537,280		13,043,033
Total Fund Balances		2,800,185		324,810		9,608,183		537,280		13,270,458
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	2,844,270	\$	335,123	\$	10,486,389	\$	630,057	\$	14,295,839

South Washington Watershed District
Woodbury, Minnesota
Planning and Implementation Fund
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	01			02		03		04		
	Planning Fund				Imp	lementation and				
			Regulatory		Maintenance		F,	Education		Total
Revenues			- 110	guiatory	Maintenance		Luucation			Total
Property taxes	\$	129,688	\$	22,079	Ś	545,241	Ś	148,981	Ś	845,989
Stormwater utility fees	•	203,815	•	-	•	2,336,594		-	•	2,540,409
Intergovernmental		102		17		189,480		9,373		198,972
Interest on investments		141		10		1,177		69		1,397
Miscellaneous	2,800			36,483		146,779		144,330		330,392
Total Revenues		336,546		58,589		3,219,271		302,753		3,917,159
Expenditures Current										
General government		220,626		12,424		118,514		21,989		373,553
Programs		-		76,391		1,278,853		46,474		1,401,718
Projects		3,962		-		197,555		-		201,517
Capital										
Projects						638,623		169,602		808,225
Total Expenditures		224,588		88,815		2,233,545		238,065		2,785,013
Net Change in Fund Balances		111,958		(30,226)		985,726		64,688		1,132,146
Fund Balances, January 1		2,688,227		355,036		8,622,457		472,592		12,138,312
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	2,800,185	\$	324,810	\$	9,608,183	\$	537,280	\$	13,270,458

## South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -

#### Budget and Actual

#### Planning and Implementation Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>					Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget		
Revenues				_		_			
Property taxes	\$	1,017,304	\$	1,017,304	\$	845,989	\$	(171,315)	
Stormwater utility fees		2,617,500		2,617,500		2,540,409		(77,091)	
Intergovernmental		-		-		198,972		198,972	
Interest on investments		-		-		1,397		1,397	
Miscellaneous						330,392		330,392	
Total Revenues		3,634,804		3,634,804		3,917,159		282,355	
Expenditures Current									
General government		559,050		559,050		373,553		185,497	
Programs		1,690,754		1,690,754		1,401,718		289,036	
Projects		385,000		385,000		201,517		183,483	
Capital									
Projects		1,000,000		1,000,000		808,225		191,775	
Total Expenditures		3,634,804		3,634,804		2,785,013		849,791	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		1,132,146		1,132,146	
Fund Balances, January 1		12,138,312		12,138,312		12,138,312			
Fund Balances, December 31	\$	12,138,312	\$	12,138,312	\$	13,270,458	\$	1,132,146	

#### OTHER REQUIRED REPORT

## SOUTH WASHINGTON WATERSHED DISTRICT WOODBURY, MINNESOTA

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Managers South Washington Watershed District Woodbury, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the South Washington Watershed District (the District), Woodbury, Minnesota, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated April 28, 2022.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Other Political Subdivisions*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

This report is intended solely for the information and use those charged with governance and management of the District and the State Auditor and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Abdo

Minneapolis, Minnesota April 28, 2022